

**ADVATE (octocog alfa) powder and solvent for solution for injection**

**PRESCRIBING INFORMATION FOR GREAT BRITAIN (ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, WALES)**

**Refer to the Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC) before prescribing.**

**Presentation:** ADVATE vials contain human coagulation factor VIII (rDNA) octocog alfa powder and solvent (5 ml or 2 ml sterilised water for injection). After reconstitution, nominally 250, 500, 1000, 1500, 2000 and 3000 IU per vial.

**Indication:** Treatment and prophylaxis of bleeding in patients with haemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency). ADVATE is indicated in all age groups.

**Dosage and administration:** Treatment should be initiated under the supervision of a physician experienced in the treatment of haemophilia and with resuscitation support immediately available in case of anaphylaxis. In case of administration by a non-healthcare professional appropriate training is needed. Dosage and duration depend on the severity of the factor VIII (FVIII) deficiency, location and extent of bleeding and on the patient's clinical condition (please refer to the SmPC guide for dosing and frequency of administration for on-demand treatment (bleeding episodes and surgery) and prophylaxis). Determination of plasma FVIII levels is also advised during treatment to guide dosing and frequency of repeated injections. For major surgical interventions, precise monitoring of the substitution therapy by means of plasma FVIII activity assay is indispensable. Should be administered via the intravenous route at a maximum rate 10 ml/min. **Contraindications:** Hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients or to mouse or hamster proteins.

**Warnings and precautions:** **Hypersensitivity:** Allergic type hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, have been reported with ADVATE. Cease treatment and seek medical attention if such reactions occur. Caution advised during injection of ADVATE reconstituted in 2 ml solvent, especially in children (if hypersensitivity reactions occur there is less time to react by stopping the injection).

**Misapplication (intra-arterially or paravenously):** May lead to mild, short-term injection site reactions.

**Inhibitors:** The formation of neutralising antibodies (inhibitors) to FVIII is a known complication in the management of individuals with haemophilia A. All patients should be carefully monitored for the development of inhibitors. The risk of developing inhibitors is correlated to the severity of the disease as well as the exposure to FVIII, this risk being highest within the first 20 exposure days. In patients with high levels of inhibitor, FVIII therapy may not be effective and other therapeutic options should be considered.

**Catheter-related complications in treatment:** If central venous access device (CVAD) is required, risk of CVAD-related complications including local infections and catheter site thrombosis should be considered.

**Excipient-related considerations:** After reconstitution this medicinal product contains 10 mg sodium per vial. To be taken into consideration by patients on a controlled sodium diet. With each administration of ADVATE, the product name and batch number should be recorded.

**Paediatrics:** The listed warnings and precautions apply to both adults and children.

**Interactions:** Not known. **Fertility, pregnancy and lactation:** No data available, therefore FVIII should be used during pregnancy and lactation only if clearly indicated.

**Undesirable effects:** *Very common* ( $\geq 1/10$ ): FVIII inhibition (PUPs, previously untreated patients). *Common* ( $\geq 1/100$  to  $< 1/10$ ): Headache, pyrexia. **Other serious undesirable effects:** *Uncommon* ( $\geq 1/1,000$  to  $< 1/100$ ): Post-procedural haemorrhage, lymphangitis, FVIII inhibition (PTPs, previously treated patients), syncope, haematoma, dyspnoea, peripheral oedema; *Unknown frequency:* Anaphylactic reaction, hypersensitivity.

**Refer to the SmPC for details on full side effect profile and interactions.** **Basic UK NHS cost:** 71p per IU. **Legal classification:** POM.

**Marketing Authorisation (MA):** *2 ml solvent:* PLGB 06009/0028 (250 IU), PLGB 06009/0031 (500 IU); *5 ml solvent:* PLGB 06009/0029 (250 IU), PLGB 06009/0032 (500 IU), PLGB 06009/0024 (1000 IU), PLGB 06009/0026 (1500 IU), PLGB 06009/0027 (2000 IU), PLGB 06009/0030 (3000 IU).

**Business responsible for sale and supply:** Takeda UK Limited, 1 Kingdom Street, London, W2 6BD, United Kingdom. **PI approval code:** pi-01980. **Date of preparation:** April 2022.

Adverse events should be reported. Reporting forms and information can be found at: [www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard](http://www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard). Adverse events should also be reported to Takeda at: [AE.GBR-IRL@takeda.com](mailto:AE.GBR-IRL@takeda.com)

**ADVATE (octocog alfa) powder and solvent for solution for injection**  
**PRESCRIBING INFORMATION FOR NORTHERN IRELAND**

**Refer to the Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC) before prescribing.**

**Presentation:** ADVATE vials contain human coagulation factor VIII (rDNA) octocog alfa powder and solvent (5 ml or 2 ml sterilised water for injection). After reconstitution, nominally 250, 500, 1000, 1500, 2000 and 3000 IU per vial.

**Indication:** Treatment and prophylaxis of bleeding in patients with haemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency). ADVATE is indicated in all age groups.

**Dosage and administration:** Treatment should be initiated under the supervision of a physician experienced in the treatment of haemophilia and with resuscitation support immediately available in case of anaphylaxis. In case of administration by a non-healthcare professional appropriate training is needed. Dosage and duration depend on the severity of the factor VIII (FVIII) deficiency, location and extent of bleeding and on the patient's clinical condition (please refer to the SmPC guide for dosing and frequency of administration for on-demand treatment (bleeding episodes and surgery) and prophylaxis). Determination of plasma FVIII levels is also advised during treatment to guide dosing and frequency of repeated injections. For major surgical interventions, precise monitoring of the substitution therapy by means of plasma FVIII activity assay is indispensable. Should be administered via the intravenous route at a maximum rate 10 ml/min. **Contraindications:** Hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients or to mouse or hamster proteins. **Warnings and precautions:** Hypersensitivity: Allergic type hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, have been reported with ADVATE. Cease treatment and seek medical attention if such reactions occur. Caution advised during injection of ADVATE reconstituted in 2 ml solvent, especially in children (if hypersensitivity reactions occur there is less time to react by stopping the injection). **Misapplication (intra-arterially or paravenously):** May lead to mild, short-term injection site reactions. **Inhibitors:** The formation of neutralising

antibodies (inhibitors) to FVIII is a known complication in the management of individuals with haemophilia A. All patients should be carefully monitored for the development of inhibitors. The risk of developing inhibitors is correlated to the severity of the disease as well as the exposure to FVIII, this risk being highest within the first 20 exposure days. In patients with high levels of inhibitor, FVIII therapy may not be effective and other therapeutic options should be considered. **Catheter-related complications in treatment:** If central venous access device (CVAD) is required, risk of CVAD-related complications including local infections and catheter site thrombosis should be considered. **Excipient-related considerations:** After reconstitution this medicinal product contains 10 mg sodium per vial. To be taken into consideration by patients on a controlled sodium diet. With each administration of ADVATE, the product name and batch number should be recorded. **Paediatrics:** The listed warnings and precautions apply to both adults and children. **Interactions:** Not known. **Fertility, pregnancy and lactation:** No data available, therefore FVIII should be used during pregnancy and lactation only if clearly indicated. **Undesirable effects:** *Very common (≥1/10):* FVIII inhibition (PUPs, previously untreated patients). *Common (≥1/100 to <1/10):* Headache, pyrexia. *Other serious undesirable effects: Uncommon (≥1/1,000 to <1/100):* Post-procedural haemorrhage, lymphangitis, FVIII inhibition (PTPs, previously treated patients), syncope, haematoma, dyspnoea, peripheral oedema; *Unknown frequency:* Anaphylactic reaction, hypersensitivity. **Refer to the SmPC for details on full side effect profile and interactions.** **Basic UK NHS cost:** 71p per IU. **Legal classification:** POM. **Marketing authorisation numbers:** *2 ml solvent:* EU/1/03/271/007 (250 IU), EU/1/03/271/008 (500 IU); *5 ml solvent:* EU/1/03/271/001 (250 IU), EU/1/03/271/002 (500 IU), EU/1/03/271/003 (1000 IU), EU/1/03/271/004 (1500 IU), EU/1/03/271/005 (2000 IU), EU/1/03/271/006 (3000 IU). **Business responsible for sale and supply:** Takeda UK Limited, 1 Kingdom Street, London W2 6BD, United Kingdom. **PI approval code:** pi-01979. **Date of preparation:** April 2022.

Adverse events should be reported. Reporting forms and information can be found at: [www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard](http://www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard). Adverse events should also be reported to Takeda at: [AE.GBR-IRL@takeda.com](mailto:AE.GBR-IRL@takeda.com)

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